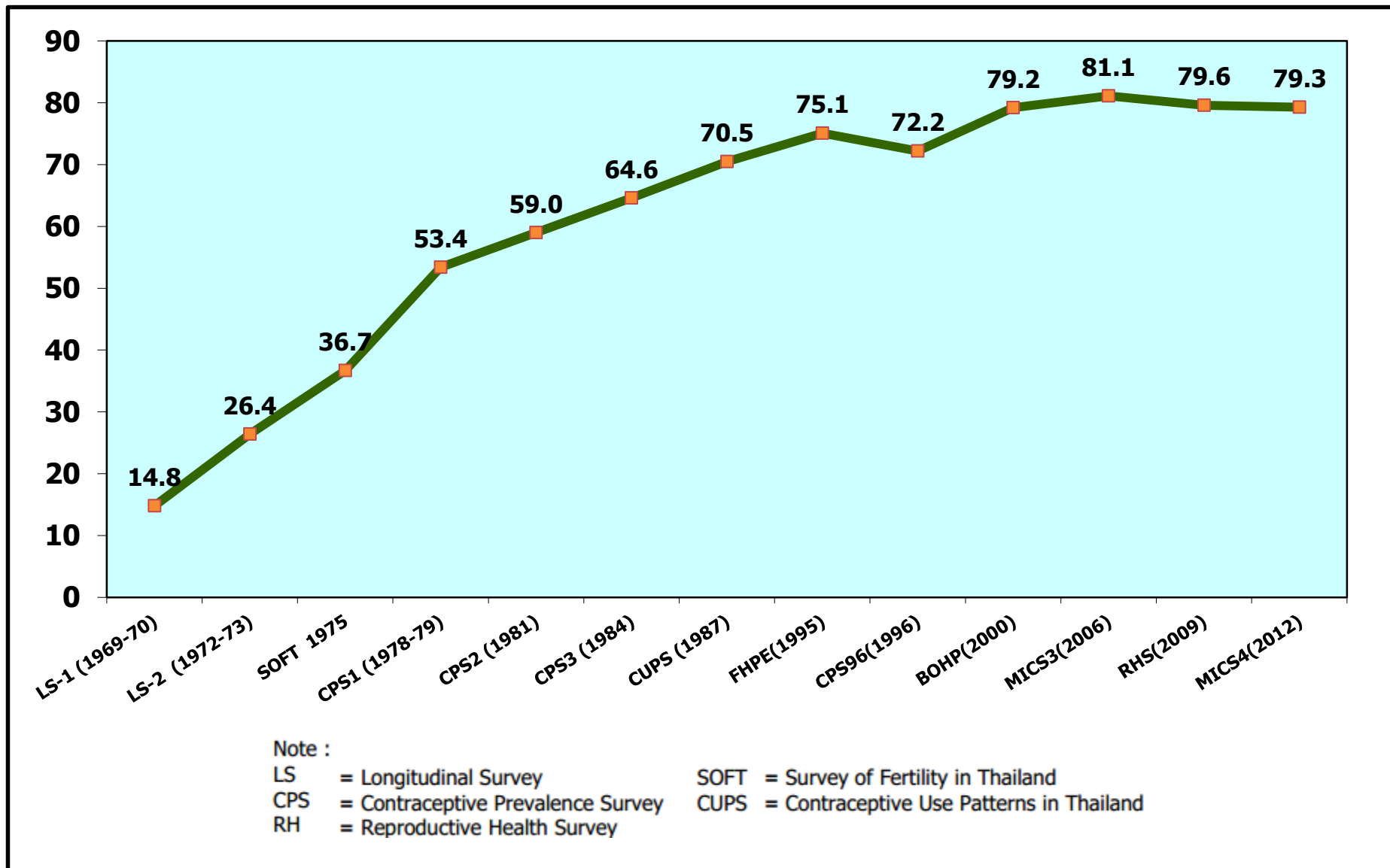


Improve maternal and child health to achieve SDGs: Thailand

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Contraceptive Prevalence Rate, Thailand 1969–2012

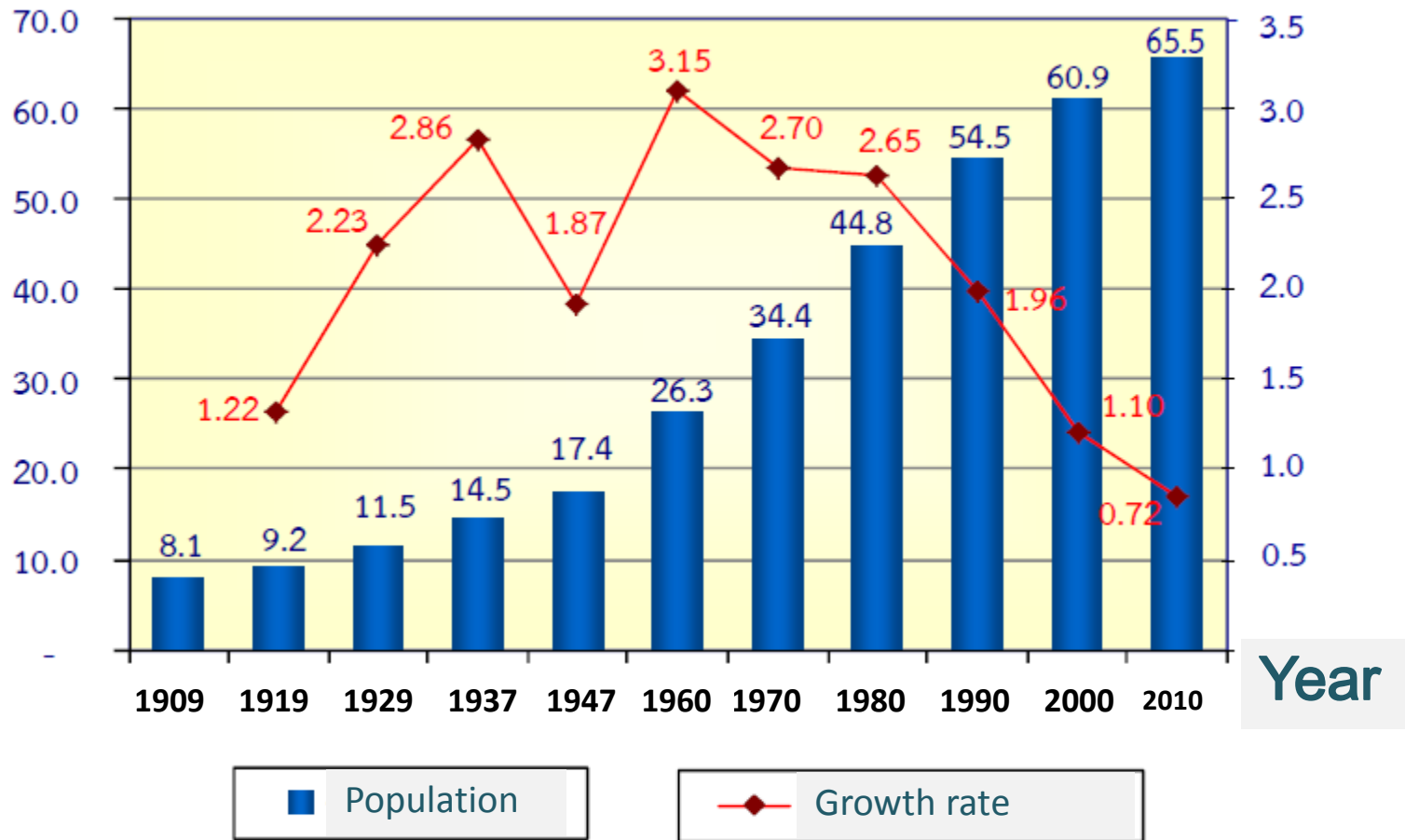


Source: National Statistics Office

Number of Pop. and Growth rate, Thailand

Population (million)

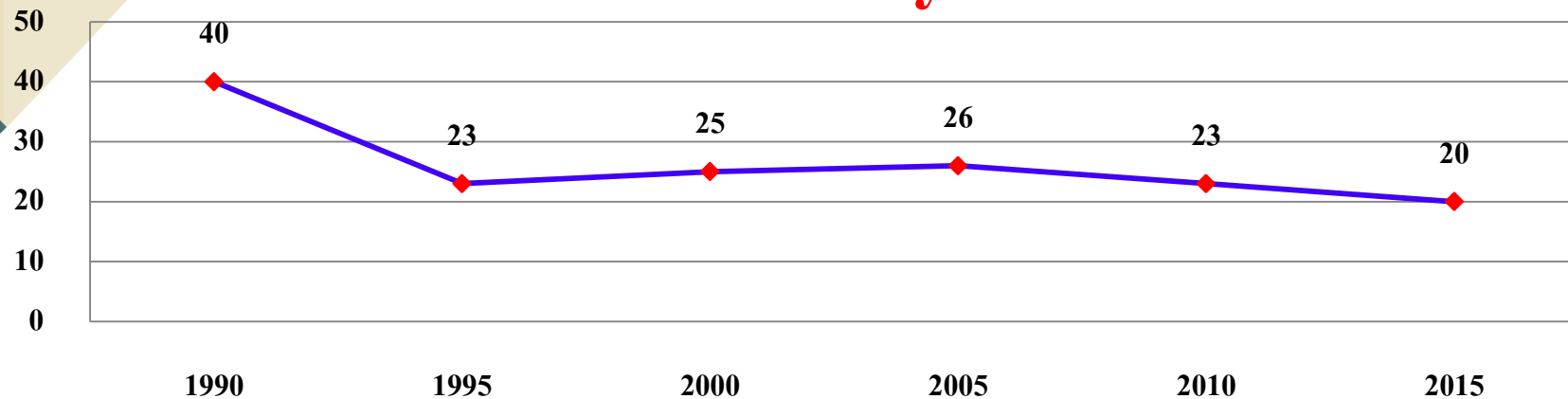
Growth rate (percent)



Source: Thailand Population Census, 2010

MMP : 1000,00 LB

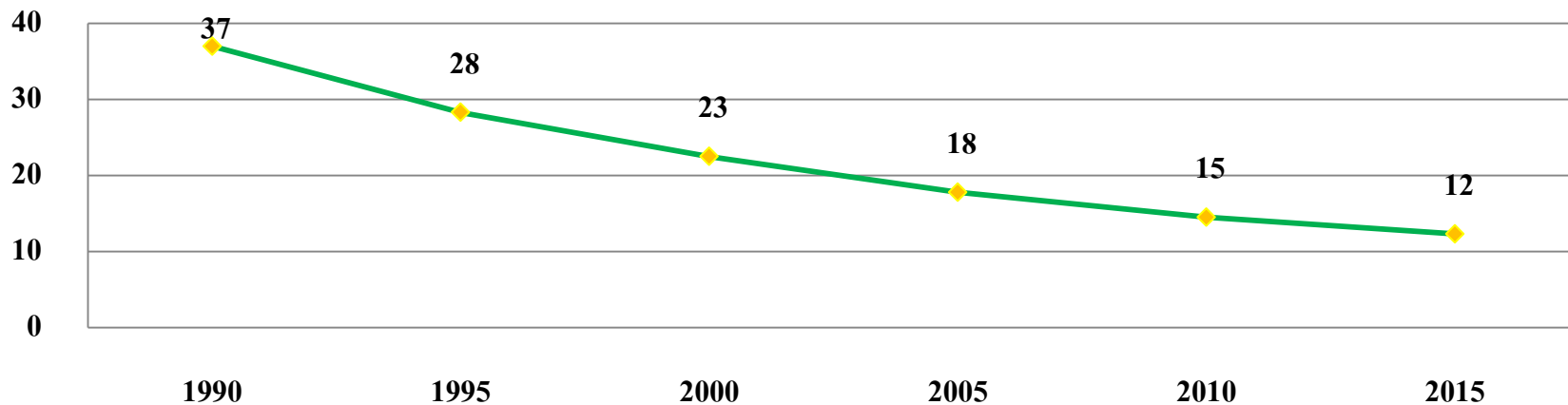
Maternal mortality rate



Ref: 1990- 2015 from WHO http://www.who.int/gho/countries/tha/country_profiles/en/: Trends in Maternal Mortality (WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, The World Bank and the United Nations Population Division)

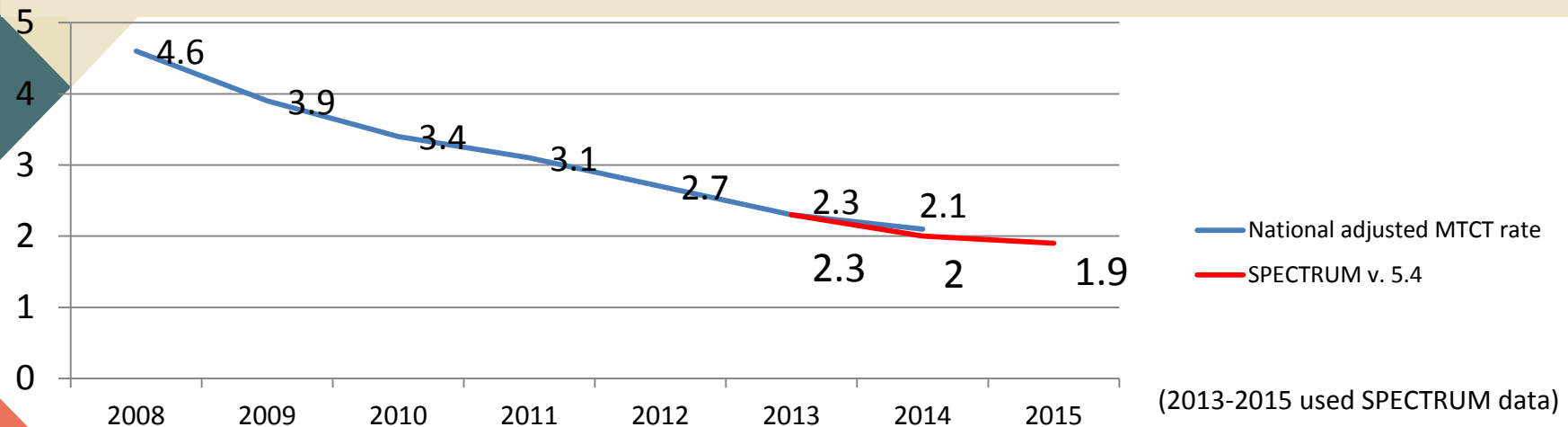
MMP : 1,000 LB

Under-five mortality rate

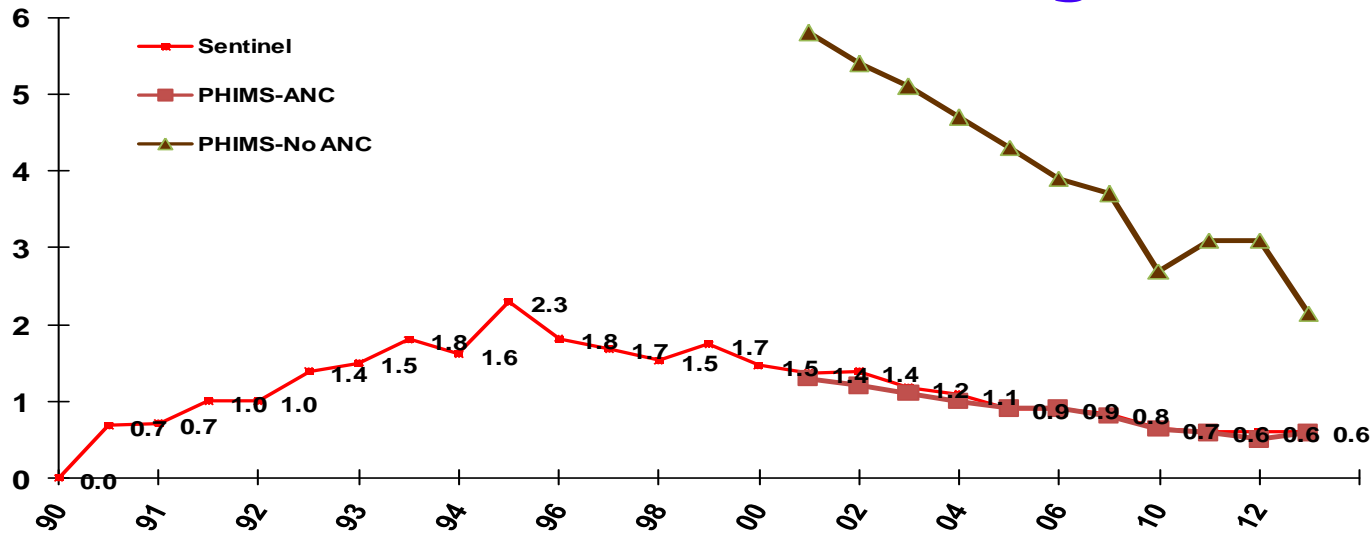


Ref: 1990- 2015 from WHO http://www.who.int/gho/countries/tha/country_profiles/en/ : Child mortality estimates, UN Inter-Agency Group on Child Mortality Estimation

HIV MTCT Rates (GARP report 2008-2015)



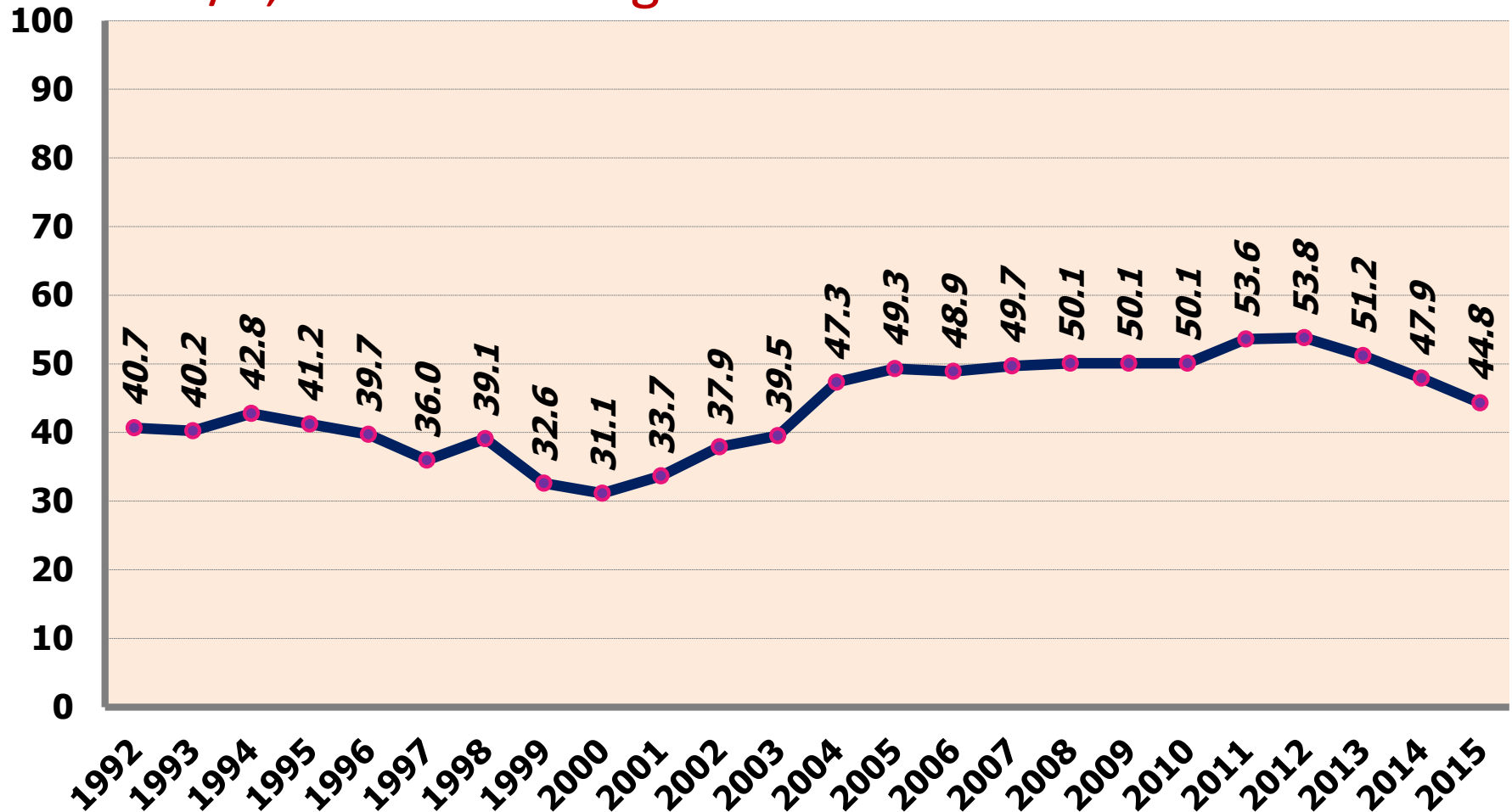
HIV Prevalence in Pregnant Women



Sources: serosentinel surveillance, BoE PHIMS, Department of Health

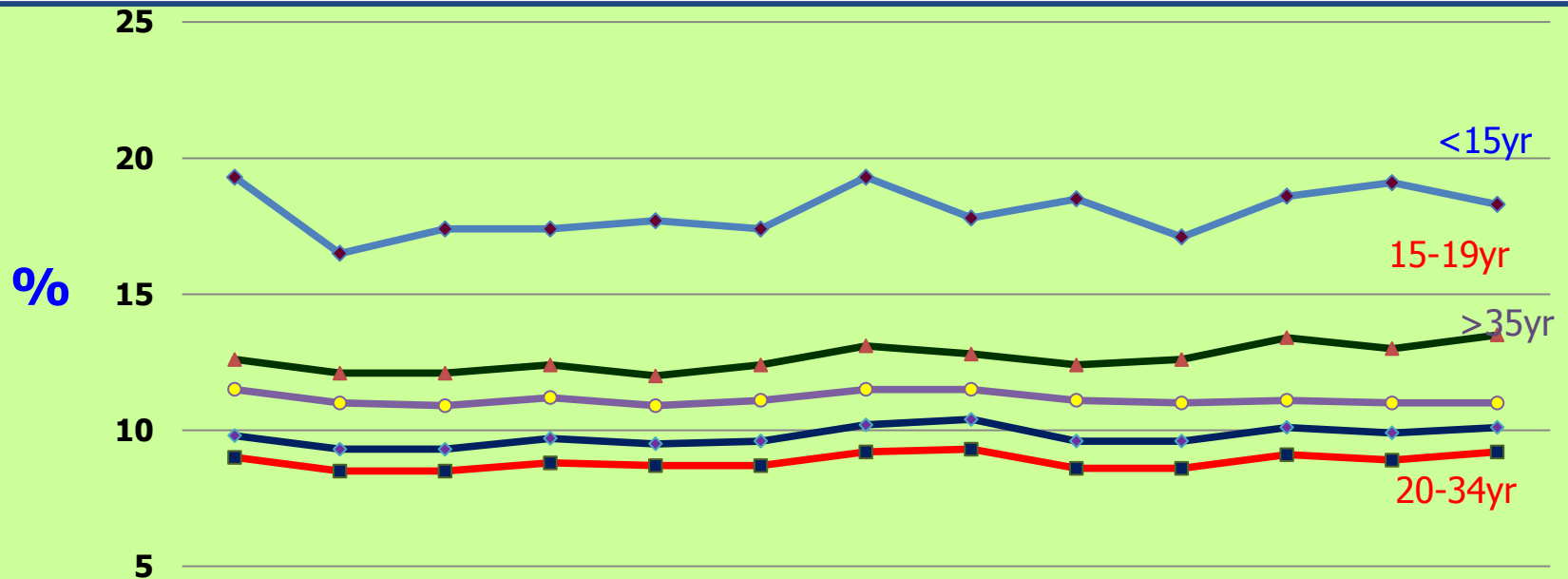
Teen Birth Rate among age 15-19

Rate/1,000 women age 15-19



Source: Health Statistics

Low Birth Weight by Maternal age group



	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
◆ < 15 Year	19.3	16.5	17.4	17.4	17.7	17.4	19.3	17.8	18.5	17.1	18.6	19.1	18.3
▲ 15-19 Year	12.6	12.1	12.1	12.4	12.0	12.4	13.1	12.8	12.4	12.6	13.4	13.0	13.5
■ 20-34 Year	9.0	8.5	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.7	9.2	9.3	8.6	8.6	9.1	8.9	9.2
● ≥ 35 Year	11.5	11.0	10.9	11.2	10.9	11.1	11.5	11.5	11.1	11.0	11.1	11.0	11.0
◆ All Age Groups	9.8	9.3	9.3	9.7	9.5	9.6	10.2	10.4	9.6	9.6	10.1	9.9	10.1

Source: Health Statistics, MoPH

What we have done?

Population Policies in the NESDP

3rd NESDP
(1972-1976)

4th–6th NESDP
(1977-1991)

7th NESDP
(1992-1996)

8th NESDP
(1997-2001)

9th NESDP
(2002-2006)

10th NESDP
(2007-2011)

**11th NESDP
(2012-2016)**

Population
Plan

Population
Master
Plan

- Aim at reducing fertility rate (3.0-%2.5)
- Distribute family planning to the region

- Continually reduce fertility rate (2.5% ➡ 2.1 ➡ 1.5 ➡ 1.3)
- Develop the quality of human resource
- Promote geographic distribution and human settlement (Urban-Rural)

- Reduce fertility rate (1.4% ➡ 1.2) targeting at NE/S region, hill tribes, slum and industrial labors
- Develop urban-rural settlement

- Promote suitable family size and the population distribution

- Enhance the quality of life
- Promote the stabilization of population structure and suitable family size
- Maintain fertility rate not less than 1.8

- Prepare for an ageing society
- Control the death of newborns and mother

- **Maintain fertility rate not less than 1.6**
- **Facilitate the distribution of population, and settlement in accordance with the region capacity**
- **Develop the quality of human resources**
- **Empower social institutions**

Reduce the fertility rate and promote the geographic distribution, and develop quality of life

Maintain the fertility rate at the replacement level

Thailand's 12th National Economic and Social Development Plan (2017-2021)

...to improve the economy via investments on transport infrastructure and logistics, ...and to increase the connectivity with neighbouring countries to support the free flow of goods, labour and investment within Asean.

The highlights of the framework involving the advancement of human resources; the enhancement of mothers' and children's health; direct government funding to schools in remote areas; the development of a system to screen and allocate teachers; a focus on the "social determinants of health", and preparations for an ageing society.

Other economic plans include support for research and development (R&D) to increase innovation and value-added products, enhancing the efficiency of the workforce, revival of the One Tambon One Product (Otop) scheme, improving the competitiveness of small and medium-sized enterprises, providing support for the move towards a "digital economy", and restructuring the industrial sector, especially those industries related to the strengths of the country.

The population policies and responses

Focusing on increasing number of births while ensuring the quality of all births:

- To encourage pro-natalist and family policies for intended pregnancies
- To reduce pregnancies among teenagers to avoid unwanted and/or low quality pregnancies

National Reproductive Health Development Policy **(2017–2026 A.D.)**



“Thai government has the policy to promote and support birth to be ***Desirable, Safe*** and ***Good Quality*** of child development”

National RH Strategies

- Goals**
1. To maintain the Total Fertility Rate not lower than 1.6
 2. To make every birth be planned, have preparedness from before pregnancy and also childbearing assistance
 3. To promote safe motherhood, well postpartum care, and the child development

4 Strategies

1. Developing related legislations, policy, and strategies	2. Developing health service system and providing equal access to services	3. Developing social welfare system	4. Developing information system and social communication
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legislation on the prevention of and solutions to adolescent pregnancy

- Adolescents shall be entitled to decide for themselves and have the right to SRH's information, services
- Provide sexuality education in educational institutions
- Arrange a system in giving care, help and protection to pregnant students
- Provide SRH services to adolescent
- Provide social welfare relating to teen pregnancy prevention and solution
- Local administration shall have power and duties to cope the problem

A vibrant, cartoon-style illustration of a group of children playing in a park. The children are depicted in various playful poses: some are jumping rope, others are playing with hula hoops, and some are holding sticks. They are dressed in simple, colorful clothing like shorts and tank tops. The background features lush green grass, stylized trees, and a clear blue sky with a few birds. The overall atmosphere is cheerful and lively. Overlaid on the center of the image is the text "Thank you" in a large, bold, red serif font.

Thank you