

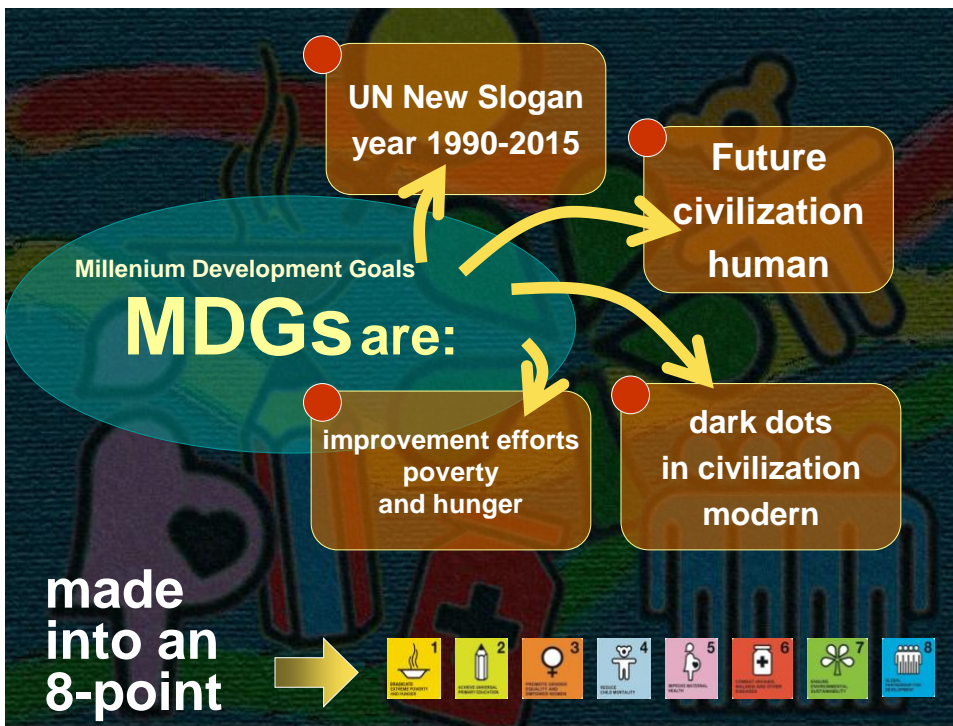
FAMILY Planning and MATERNAL Health Challenges and Opportunities Indonesian Experiences

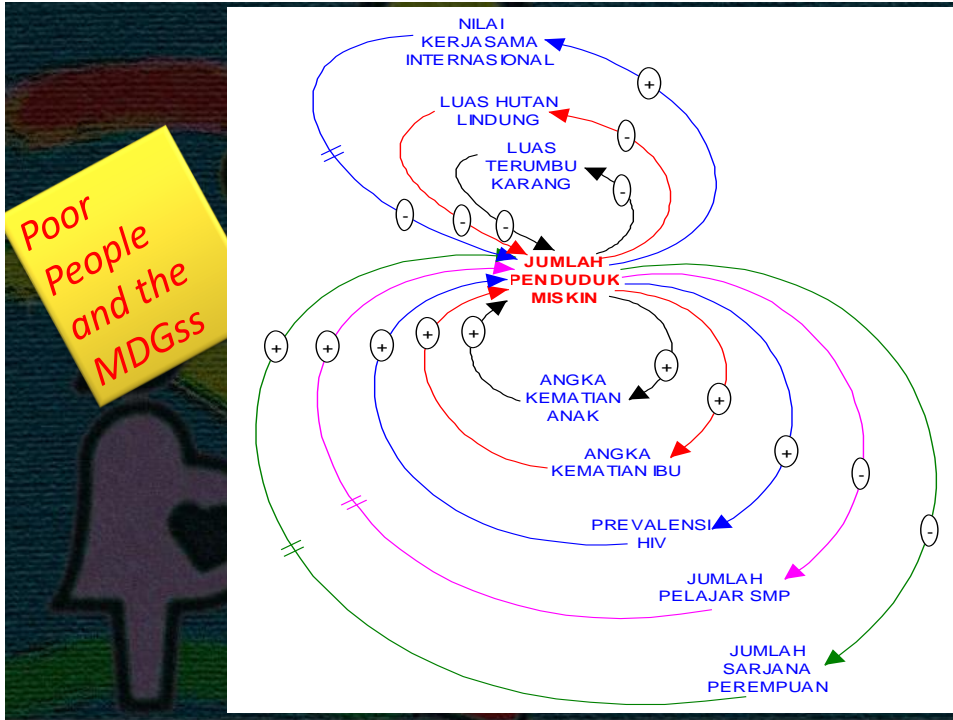


Siti Pariani MD.,MS., MSc., PhD

Sessions 1 " Meeting the Global Agenda of International Conference on Promoting Family Planning and Maternal Health for Poverty Alleviation "

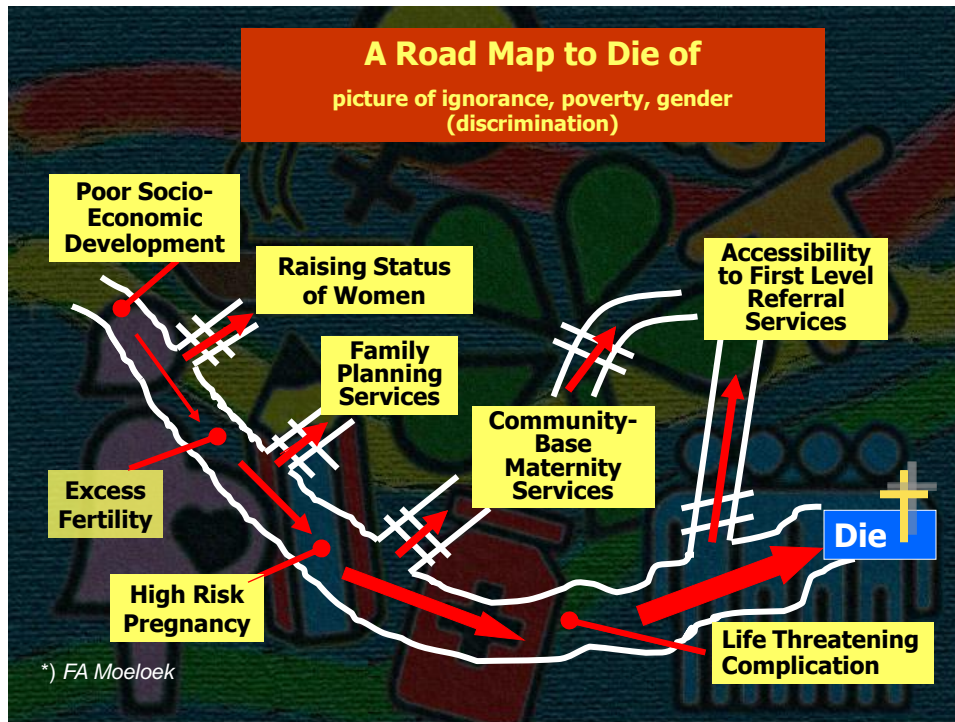
Yogyakarta 26 October 2010 - Hyatt Hotel





Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

 1 <small>ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER</small>	<p>Elimination of poverty</p>	 5 <small>IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH</small>	<p>Improve Maternal Health</p>
 2 <small>ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION</small>	<p>Achieve Universal Primary Education</p>	 6 <small>COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA AND OTHER DISEASES</small>	<p>Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other Disease</p>
 3 <small>PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER WOMEN</small>	<p>Promote Gender Equality and Empower Woman</p>	 7 <small>ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY</small>	<p>Ensure Environmental Sustainability</p>
 4 <small>REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY</small>	<p>reduce Child mortality</p>	 8 <small>GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT</small>	<p>Global Partnership Development</p>



(SDKI 2002/2003) TFR \longrightarrow 2,4 child per women on reproductive age.

(SDKI 2007) TFR \longrightarrow 2,3 child per women on reproductive age.

Disparity of TFR

TFR : (1,5) in Yogyakarta
(3,7) in Maluku and NTT

TFR Poorer remain high

contraceptive use (SDKI 2007) → 57.4%.

maturation of marriage age 19.2 → 19.8

Abortus : → **Safe....?**
un safe....?

Unmet need 8 - 9%....???

Infertility?

**Global Agenda of this Family Planning,
Maternal Health and Reproductive Health**

(ICPD) held in Cairo from the 5th to 13th September 1994
Beijing in 1995 and again at the ICPD+5 review in 1999
ICPD +10, The Cairo

Reproductive Health

↓

Family Planning

↓

Maternal Health

2/3 by 2015

Challenges and Opportunity

- ▶ to extend “a full range of safe and effective methods” to every woman and every man in every member country of PPD.
- ▶ to counter misinformation; and - perhaps most important of all.
- ▶ make sure we have sufficient reproductive health commodities to do the job

unsafe abortion issue

Infertility

Advocates the government especially in decentralization system:



Commitment between all stakeholders to focusing the maternal health and family planning programs;

Evidence base maternal health and family planning programs;



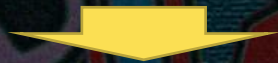
Surveillance epidemiological approach

Develop and implement maternal morbidity and mortality action plans



Developing appropriate maternal health and family planning programs:

All ventures as a team work



Public and private Clinic

The disparity between regions

- **Could this be caused by lack of harmony between intervention programs required by the community with programs provided by the government ?**
- **Is a referral system that has not been the road ?**
- **Health providers possess skills that are provided in the area do not match those required ?**
- **Does the program or prevention education and promotion remain inadequate ?**
- **Does socialization program is less ?**

Awareness of the poorer in Family planning and maternal health status:

Awareness



Attention



Evaluation



Trial



Adoption

Thank you

