

“Simplicity is the ultimate sophistication.”

Leonardo da Vinci

What does South-South mean?

Value Added

Expeditious Action

No Tied Assistance

Demonstrated Need Based on Commitment to Act

Becoming a voice for the South in the Global context

Advocacy Posture

- UN Reform: Where is the South?
- MDG – national reports, global discussions on indicators
- Other policy discussions e.g. WHA
- Resist bifurcation of RH and HIV/Aids
- Show that conservatism and RH are compatible
- South must insist on both North and its own budgets increased investment in RH

Operational Challenges to meet the MDG Targets



Challenge I: **Setting priorities**

Challenge II: **Choosing interventions**

Challenge III: **Monitoring & Evaluation of
interventions**

Challenge IV: **Did you make a difference?**

Goal: Group all *possible* interventions

Starting Point:

MDG 1:
Poverty

MDG 2:
Education

MDG 3:
Gender
Equality

MDG 4:
Child
Mortality

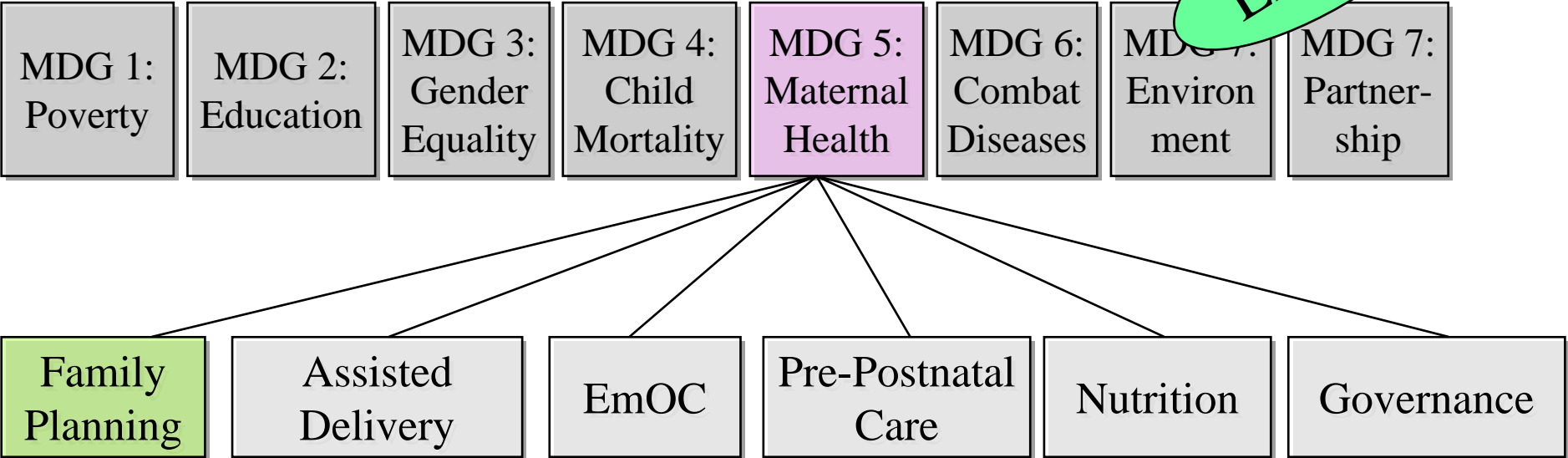
MDG 5:
Maternal
Health

MDG 6:
Combat
Diseases

MDG 7:
Environ-
ment

MDG 8:
Partner-
ship

Example



Step 1: Group all possible interventions

Example

MDG 5:
Maternal
Health

Family
Planning

Assisted
Delivery

EmOC

Pre-Postnatal
Care

Nutrition

Governance

Supply

Demand

Availability &
Access

Quality

Socio-cultural
issues

Economic
factors

Awareness

Early
Marriage

Son
Preference

Women's
reproductive
choices

... down to the lowest meaningful level

Early Marriage

- ❑ Promote laws to raise the age of marriage
- ❑ Functional marriage registration and data collection systems – Mobilizing community based organizations, women's groups, local governing bodies and youth groups to act as 'watchdogs/action groups' against early marriage
- ❑ Retraining girls in schools through policy advocacy and community-based awareness building
- ❑ Life Skills Education in formal and non-formal settings for equipping young people with health/SRH education and skills, such as negotiation skills for postponing early marriage/delaying pregnancy

Step 2: Add *possible* actions under lowest level

Example

MDG 5:
Maternal
Health

- *MMR*
- *Rate of Fistula*

Family
Planning

- *CPR*
- *TFR*
- *Unmet Needs*

Supply

Demand

Availability

Quality

Cultural &
Social

Economic
factors

- *Gini Index*
- *GDP*

*Variety of
Contraceptives*

*Failure
Rate*

Awareness

Early
Marriage

Son
Preference

Women's
Reproductive
Choices

*Spacing of
Pregnancies*

Step 3: Place Indicators in the appropriate echelon

Example

MDG 5:
Maternal
Health

- *MMR*
- *Rate of Fistula*

Family
Planning

- *CPR*
- *TFR*
- *Unmet Needs*

Supply

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Availability
*Variety of
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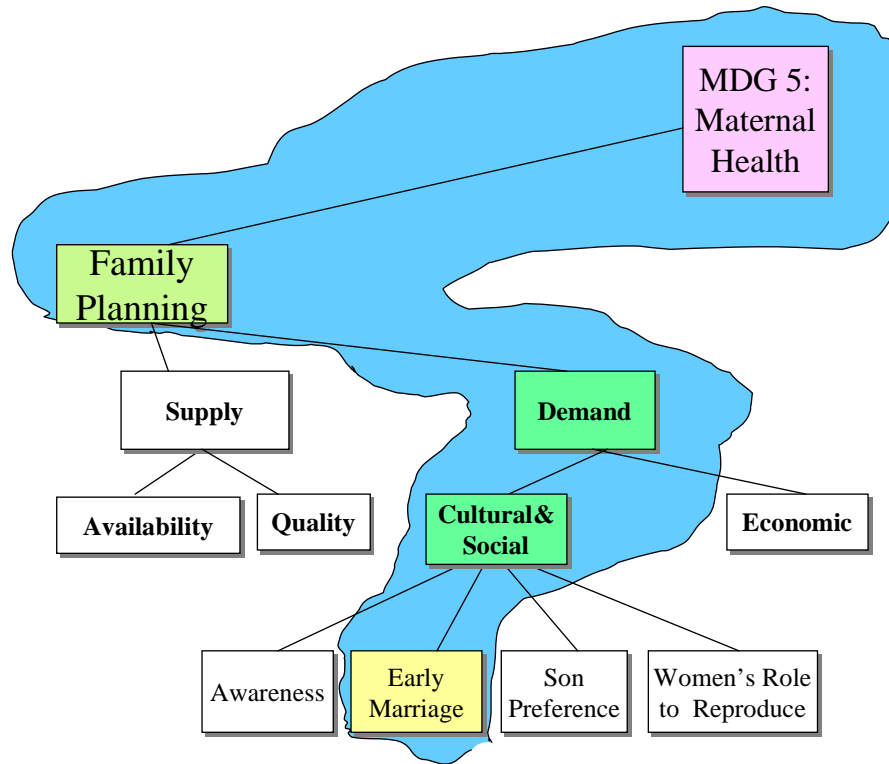
- Intervention I
- Intervention II
- Intervention III

Indicator
Tracking
Tool, e.g.
DevInfo

Specific
Interventions:
M&E Tool

Step 4: Track indicators at different levels AND monitor *specific interventions* (through M&E systems)

Challenge I: Setting priorities



Challenge II: Choosing **interventions**



Early Marriage

- Promote laws to raise the age of marriage
- Retraining girls in schools through policy advocacy and community-based awareness building
- Provide Life Skills Education in formal and non-formal settings for equipping young people with health/SRH education and skills, such as negotiation skills for postponing early marriage/delaying pregnancy

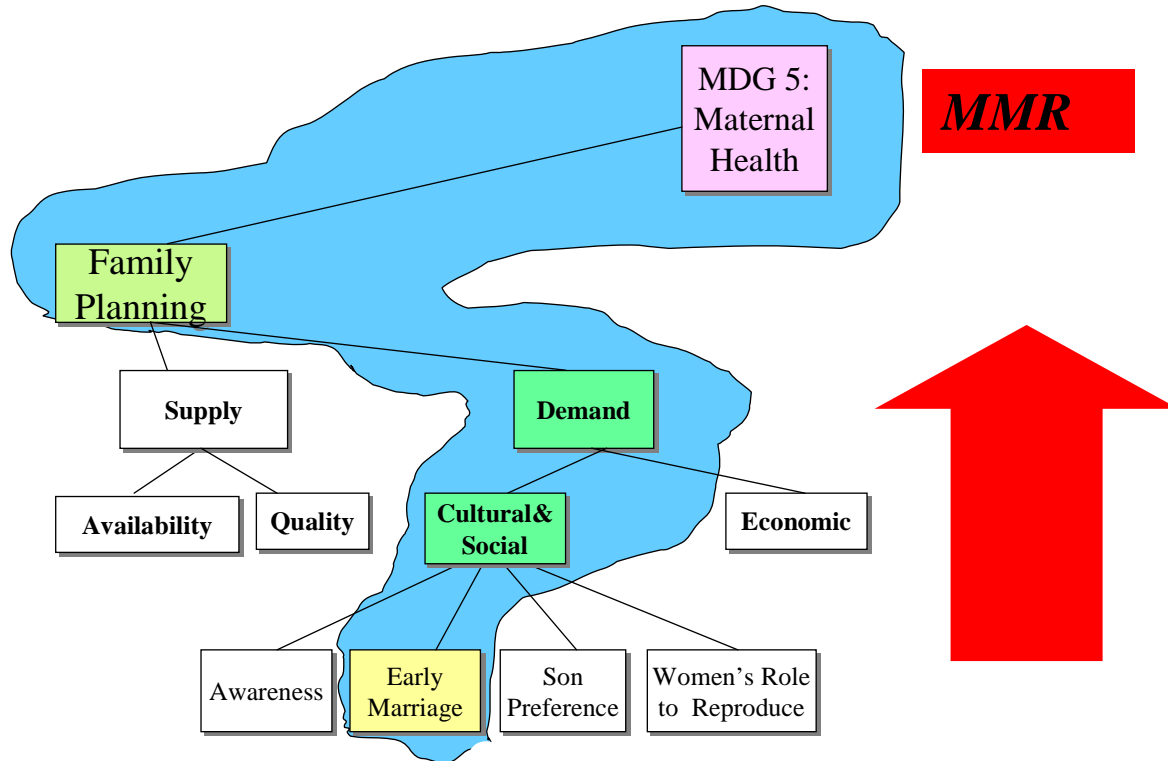
Challenge III: M&E of interventions

Early Marriage

- Promote laws to raise the age of marriage
- Retraining girls in schools through policy advocacy and community-based awareness building
- Provide Life Skills Education in formal and non-formal settings for equipping young people with health/SRH education and skills, such as negotiation skills for postponing early marriage/delaying pregnancy

M&E

Challenge IV: Did you **make a difference**?



“Everything should be as simple as possible, but not simpler.”

Einstein