NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Report of the

ORIENTATION MEETING WITH MEMBERS OF THE PARLIAMENTARY NETWORK ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT ON THE STATUS OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FAMILY PLANNING, POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN KENYA

Held at

InterContinental Hotel, Nairobi on 26th June 2018

Report compiled by:
NCPD
Communication and Public Education (CAPE) Division
Nairobi

June 2018
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### Acronyms and Abbreviations

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<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIDPs</td>
<td>County Integrated Development Plans</td>
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<td>DD</td>
<td>Demographic Dividend</td>
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<tr>
<td>DG</td>
<td>Director General</td>
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<td>DTS</td>
<td>Director of Technical Services</td>
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<td>FP</td>
<td>Family Planning</td>
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<td>MTP</td>
<td>Medium Term Plan</td>
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<td>NCPD</td>
<td>National Council for Population and Development</td>
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<td>NEAPACOH</td>
<td>Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health</td>
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<td>PHE</td>
<td>Population Health Environment</td>
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<td>PNPD</td>
<td>Population Network for Population and Development</td>
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<td>PPND</td>
<td>Population Policy for National Development</td>
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<td>SRH</td>
<td>Sexual and Reproductive Health</td>
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<td>SAGA</td>
<td>Semi-Autonomous Government Agency</td>
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<td>NA</td>
<td>National Assembly</td>
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1.0 INTRODUCTION
The National Council for Population and Development (NCPD) is a Semi-Autonomous Government Agency (SAGA) under the Ministry of Planning and Treasury Planning. The mission of the Council is “to provide leadership in population policy development and its implementation for sustainable development.” The vision is “quality population for sustainable development.”

Specifically the NCPD is charged with the responsibility of formulating, coordinating population policies, strategies and programmes which should match population growth and the available resources.

This orientation meeting with members of the parliamentary network on population and development on the status of reproductive health/family planning, population and development in Kenya was supported by the Partners in Population and Development (PPD), Africa Region Office (ARO) in Kampala, Uganda. PPD is an inter-governmental organisation that promotes South to South collaboration.

The meeting was for about 60 Members of the National Assembly (NA) drawn from three committees; Health, Budgeting and Finance and Trade who form the Parliamentary Network on Population and Development (PNPD). In attendance as well were officers from the PPD office in Kampala, Mr. Patrick Mugirwa, Programme Manager – PPD ARO and Mr. Baker Semusambwa the accountant. Mr. Mugirwa was to orient the Members of the network on the Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health (NEAPACOH) and the commitments by Kenya.

1.1 Objective of the Meeting
The objective of the meeting was to orient members of the parliamentary network on population and development on the status of reproductive health/family planning, population and development in Kenya.

1.2 Preliminaries
The meeting was called to order at 9.00am. The Deputy Director, Communication Advocacy and Public Education (CAPE) Mr. Charles Oisebe called the meeting to order and called upon Ms. Irene Muhunzu from NCPD to start the meeting with a word of prayer. He welcomed all the participants for creating time to be in the meeting. He then invited the Director Technical Services (DTS), Mr. Peter Nyakwara to chair the session of introduction and opening remarks. He noted that the meeting had more members of the PNPD and he lauded the Parliamentary clerks for inviting the members. He called upon all the members to introduce themselves and state the committees they were from.
The meeting was graced by Members of the three committees; Health, Budgeting and Finance and Trade, Ministry of Health (MoH), PPD ARO and NCPD.

1.3 Opening Remarks
Dr. Joel Gondi head of Reproductive Health and Maternal Services Unit (RHMSU) and the Director General, NCPD gave the opening remarks.

1.3.1 Remarks by Dr. Joel Gondi
In his remarks, Dr. Joel Gondi, head of Reproductive Health and Maternal Services Unit (RHMSU) noted that the mission of the MoH is ‘to build a progressive, responsive and sustainable health care system for accelerated attainment of the highest standard of health to all Kenyans with a goal of attaining equitable, affordable, accessible and quality health care for all.’ He informed that despite the fact that Kenya had made good strides in reducing fertility rates and infant deaths there are still challenges that need to be tackled as there exists county disparities in Kenya. Some counties do very well in indicators like Kirinyaga and Makueni Counties lead in Contraceptive Prevalence Rates (CPR) at 81% and 80% respectively while some Counties in the Northern region have very low CPR leading to high fertility rates. Garissa was at 5% while Wajir and Mandera were at 2%. In addition, he noted that the infant mortality rate is 39 deaths per 1,000 live births, and under-5 mortality is 52 deaths per 1,000 live births. At these levels, about one in every 26 Kenyan children dies before reaching age 1, and about one in every 19 does not survive to his or her fifth birthday.

Some of the challenges he noted were;
- Large regional disparities in childhood deaths
- High teenage pregnancies in some counties like Narok being as high as 40%
- High maternal deaths of which these deaths are preventable

In conclusion he called upon the members of the NA to ensure that resources are prioritised and optimized. The health budget need to be enhanced so that the Counties get enough funds to improve their indicators.
1.3.2 Remarks by Dr. Josephine Kibaru, Mbae

In her opening remarks, Dr. Kibaru thanked the Members for re-establishing the PNPD and also for availing time to be with NCPD for the orientation meeting. She noted Dr. Gondi had mentioned the indicators as they were in the Country and there is need for individual County governments together with other leaders to ensure that the health budget gets enough resources to improve the indicators in Kenya. She noted that Kenya made FP2020 commitments that need to be implemented. In her conclusion she informed the PNPD that the Council was established on a gazette notice and Council had developed the ‘Kenya Council for Population and Development Bill, 2017’ which will need to be passed by Parliament. She told the Members of the NA that soon she would be bringing the Bill to them for passing and it was her hope that it would be passed so that the Council is able to carry out its mandate effectively and effectively.

2.0 PRESENTATIONS

Hon. Jimmy Angwenyi who is the Chair of the PNPD was given the honours of chairing this session. He started by stating that the network has already disembarked and it is ready to carry out the mandate that has been given of supporting population and development issues in the Country.

Two presentations were made;

1. Population and Health Status in Kenya
2. Representation on Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health (NEAPACOH) and the commitments by Kenya
2.1 Population and Health Status in Kenya

The presentation on Population and Health Status in Kenya was done by the DTS, Mr. Peter Nyakwara.

The aim of the presentation was to bring the Members to speed on who NCPD is and their role as members of the PNPD. The meeting was informed that the Council developed a Sessional Paper No. 3 of 2012 - Population Policy for National Development (PPND).

The Policy Goal was to attain high quality of life for the people of Kenya by managing population growth that can be sustained within the available resources.

The members were informed that the PPND was passed by the 11th Parliament.

Some of the achievements of the Council were;

- Held advocacy meetings on population and development issues with policy makers and other stakeholders (National & County levels)
- Participated in mainstreaming population and development issues in MTP III and CIDPs as linkage with the ‘Big 4 Development Agenda’
- Conducted various researches;
  - Male Involvement Survey – 2015 to identify the barriers therein
  - National Adolescent and Youth Survey – 2015 to measure where every county is in terms of achieving the demographic transition
  - Service Delivery Indicator/Health Facility Assessment – 2018
- Developed various advocacy materials
  - Kenya Leading the Way
  - Youth: Kenya’s key to development
  - PHE ENGAGE Presentation
- Developed & launched the National DD Roadmap

2.1.1 Demographic Dividend (DD)

This is a temporary opportunity for faster economic growth that begins when fertility rates fall leading to a larger working age adult and fewer younger dependents.

Linkage of the DD and the Big 4

- Universal Health – Ensure good health for both the young and the elderly
- Food security – Contribute to good health of the population and employment creation in the agriculture and related sectors
- Employment creation – ensure that young people are meaningfully engaged in the development of the Country
- Housing – Contribute to decent housing for all the citizens

Critical Policy areas for DD
- Family planning
- Public health
- Education, training and skills
- Economic empowerment
- Governance

The transition from high fertility to low fertility offers a window of opportunity to policy makers transform the country’s economic performance through appropriate policies.
2.1.2 Kenya’s Youth Bulge
The Kenyan population is youthful with about 43% of the population aged below 15 years. The meeting was informed that this youthful population has a myriad of challenges which need to be tackled if Kenya is to have a healthy young population. These challenges are mainly lack of employment, Drug and Substance Abuse, Sexual and RH challenges including Sexually Transmitted Diseases including HIV and AIDS.

2.1.3 Teenage Pregnancies
The meeting was informed that 22 out of 47 Counties in Kenya had percentages of teenage pregnancy above 18%. Narok County had the highest percentage of teenage pregnancy at 40% followed closely by Homabay at 33%. The DTS noted that Programmes have to be designed in these Counties that would retain girls in school as teenage pregnancy contributes significantly to the Total Fertility Rates.

The burden of teenage pregnancies
- In the 2016/17 378,397 adolescent girls aged 10-19 presented with pregnancies in health facilities in all the 47 Counties
  - 10-14 year olds – 28,932
  - 15-19 year olds – 349,465
- Implications
  - Compromise education attainment and ability to secure decent economic opportunities
  - Morbidity and mortality (pregnancy related complications and abortions)
- Early/child marriages
- Economic and social burdens to families
  - Some counties are disproportionately affected than others

Counties with the highest burden of teenage pregnancy and motherhood (Above National Average of 18 percent)

Counties with the lowest burden of teenage pregnancy and motherhood (below 10%)

2.1.4 Roles of Members of Parliament
As peoples representatives,
▪ MPs reflect the voices and concerns of all the people
▪ Uphold the Reproductive health rights of women, men, adolescent boys and girls, especially the right to appropriate RH/FP services
▪ As lawmakers, MPs can enact, adopt and oversee the implementation of legislation that protects human rights and advances access to sexual and reproductive health services
▪ As overseers of national budget appropriations, MPs can ensure that adequate and cost-effective funding is provided to population programme

2.1.5 Achievements of the Network
▪ Budget line for FP commodities in 2005/2006 fiscal year
▪ Establishment of the Youth Empowerment Centres
▪ Adoption of Population policy to a Sessional paper
▪ Enactment of the FGM Act
▪ Participated in several regional and International forums

2.1.6 Opportunities for the PNPD
▪ Participation in African Parliamentary Forum for Population and Development
▪ MPs also participate in forums organized by European Parliamentary Forum for Population and Development (EPF), Asian Population and Development Association (APDA) and Asian Population Forum for Population and Development just to name a few
▪ National leaders conference on Population and Development, 2018

2.2 Representation on Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health (NEAPACOH) and the commitments by Kenya

This presentation was done by Mr. Patrick Mugirwa, Programme manager with PPD ARO.

He started his presentation by introducing PPD and he noted that;
PPD is an intergovernmental organization that was established at the ICPD in Cairo in 1994 to promote south-south cooperation in the fields of RH, Population and Development

26 developing countries (Asia, Africa, Latin America and the Middle East) form the membership of PPD (over 60% of the world population)

14 member countries of PPD are in Africa. Kenya is a member

Headquarters are in Dhaka, Bangladesh

Has Permanent Observer Status at the UN General Assembly, Diplomatic Status in Bangladesh

PPD is governed by a Board comprising of Ministers and senior government officials designated by the member states

2.2.1 About NEAPACOH

Started as a network of Parliamentary Committees of Health in Eastern and Southern Africa (SEAPACOH) which was launched in August 2003 in Johannesburg, South Africa. Founding members - Angola, Botswana, Kenya, Malawi, Namibia, Zambia, SA, Swaziland and Zimbabwe.

The initiative was started to strengthen collaborations among parliamentarians in the Eastern and Southern Africa region on policy matters of ensuring equity in health

Membership has since grown to become an Africa-wide network embracing countries of Eastern, Western, Central and Northern Africa – Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health (NEAPACOH)

NEAPACOH objectives expanded to include advocacy for RH/FP, equity in health, PHC, leadership for responses to HIV and AIDS and health rights. RH/FP has been the theme since 2009

Priority is also given to tracking and demanding for accountability from governments regarding implementation of the international and continental commitments that governments have signed e.g. the ICPD PoA, Abuja Declaration, Maputo Plan of Action, MDGs/SDGs.

NEAPACOH is governed by a Steering Committee (SC), which currently comprises of Zimbabwe- Chairperson, Kenya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Uganda, Ghana, South Sudan and Zambia.

NEAPACOH meets annually, the immediate last meeting was held in Kampala, December 2017

2.2.2 Objectives of NEAPACOH Meetings

Share progress made, challenges and lessons learned on implementation of NEAPACOH commitments;
- Share innovative parliamentary experiences and practices that enhance the achievement of RH/FP related commitments;
- Enhance accountability, political leadership and stewardship for the implementation of RH/FP related commitments
- Develop country-specific action plans/commitments that promote RH/FP

Mr. Mugirwa also reminded the members about the **FP2020 commitments for Kenya**;

1. Finalise and disseminate the family planning national Costed Implementation Plan (CIP) (2017-2020);
2. Strengthen national family planning programme by making a commitment to increase domestic financing for family planning at both levels of government; and
3. Strengthen partnership with the private sector through a total market approach to enable an increase in private sector FP delivery contributions.

### 2.2.3 Some of the FP2020 commitment indicators for Kenya

- National Costed Implementation Plan (CIP) revised by June 2017 and launched in July, followed by county level dissemination by October 2017;
- 47 Counties have costed implementation plans by 2020 (this will have specific goals and strategies for adolescents);
- Maintain domestic financing for family planning commodities as per the allocation in 2016/17 fiscal year of $7 million for the next two years and then to be doubled thereafter;
- Family planning to be implemented fully under the NHIF Linda Mama programme by end of 2018;
- All 47 counties to have a FP budget line by 2020;
- To increase the health facilities offering youth-friendly services from 10% to 30% by 2020 and 50% by 2025.

In his conclusion he noted that the role of the Parliamentarians are;

- As representatives of the people, reflect the voices and concerns of the people – unmet need for FP is high
  - Increase budget for FP to ensure availability and increased access
- As lawmakers, enact, reform, adopt and oversee the implementation of legislations that protect human rights and advances access to sexual and reproductive health services including FP
- As overseers of government activity, ensure that government commitments on sexual and reproductive health and rights are respected and also ensure that there is accountability for the resources
- As overseers of national budget appropriations, ensure that adequate funding is provided to FP/RH programmes
- As opinion leaders and decision makers, promote issues of sexual and reproductive health and rights, and promote informed and sustained debate on FP/RH

3.0 FEEDBACK ON BEHALF OF THE PNPD

The session chair, the chair of the PNPD Hon. Jimmy Angwenyi welcomed Hon. James Njikal to give feedback on behalf of the PNPD. Hon. Nyikal stated that there is need to plan the population in order to give efficient and effective services be it in health, education and in other sectors. He noted that financing population programmes including family planning has been a challenge to the government. He remembered years back when FP used to be funded fully by the development partners. With Kenya being ranked as a lower middle income country, development funds were dwindling and it was the high time that the government comes on board and funds FP fully so that we do not depend on donors to help us plan our families.

The County disparities in the indicators need to be tackled by the County governments bearing in mind that health is a devolved function. However, such information need to be disseminated so that the Counties know where they are.

Reducing population growth need to be done holistically so that Counties get to understand why there is need to have manageable population numbers for sustainable development.

He noted that the network would fully support the Council to carry out its mandate. Specifically he noted that the NCPD Bill that needs to be passed by Parliament has two routes to the National Chambers; either through the Minister or through any of the members of the PNPD. He said that once the Bill gets to Parliament it would be supported.
He noted that since Kenya is in the NEAPACOH the Members of Parliament ought to attend the meetings once called upon.

### 4.0 WAY FORWARD

1. Timing of the PNPD meetings was noted to be very crucial. A network retreat outside Nairobi would yield more members and better results. The NCPD would plan a retreat to sensitise the members about the NCPD Bill.

2. The PNPD should be vibrant and it should meet regularly

3. Develop a work plan/Strategic Plan for the Network

4. Political support and advocacy for financial support for population and development activities

### 6.0 CONCLUSION

The meeting ended at 11.15am and in her closing remarks the DG NCPD thanked all the members for attending the meeting and going forward there would be regular meetings for the members in order to keep them abreast with the population and developing issues in the Country. She noted that the Council would be organising a retreat for the PNPD.
## ORIENTATION MEETING WITH MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ON STATUS OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/FAMILY PLANNING, POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF KENYA

**VENUE: INTERCONTINENTAL HOTEL, NAIROBI**

**DATE: 26TH JUNE, 2018**

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<th>Time</th>
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<tr>
<td>7.30 - 8.00 am</td>
<td>Registration of participants and Breakfast</td>
<td>NCPD/ PPD ARO</td>
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<td>8.00 – 8.20 am</td>
<td>Introductions and meeting objectives</td>
<td>NCPD</td>
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<td>8.20 – 8.40 am</td>
<td>Opening Remarks</td>
<td>- MoH – Dr. Joel Gondi</td>
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<td>- NCPD – Dr. Josephine Kibaru-Mbae, OGW</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Session Chair</td>
<td>Chairperson of Parliamentary Network on Population and Development, Kenya</td>
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<td>8.40 – 9.10 am</td>
<td>Presentation on the Population and Health Status/Role of the Parliamentary Network</td>
<td>Mr. Peter Nyakwara - NCPD</td>
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<td>9.10 – 9.30 am</td>
<td>Representation on Network of African Parliamentary Committees of Health (NEAPACOH) and the commitments by Kenya</td>
<td>Patrick Mugirwa - PPD ARO</td>
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<td>9.30 – 10.30 am</td>
<td>Discussions (focusing on status of implementation of NEAPACOH commitments, challenges and opportunities)</td>
<td>All</td>
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<td>10.30 – 11.00 am</td>
<td>Next steps and closure</td>
<td>Dr. Josephine Kibaru-Mbae</td>
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## Annex II: List of Participants

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<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hon. L. Wangui</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>0722 882 696</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mrs. C. M. Mwikali</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>KNA</td>
<td>0722 677 879</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Hon. P. Nquere</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>KNA</td>
<td>0722 673 749</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Hon. L. K. K. K.</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>KNA</td>
<td>0722 664 940</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Hon. B. R. Arnold</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>KNA</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Hon. D. K. K.</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>KNA</td>
<td>0722 120 781</td>
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Venue: HOTEL INTECONTINENTAL

Forum: Consultation Meeting with Members of Parliament on Status of Challenged Populations
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'A well managed population for quality life'
## ATTENDANCE LIST (NCPD/AL/02)

**Forum:** ORIENTATION MEETING WITH MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ON STATUS OF RH/FP & POPULATION & DEV.

**Venue:** HOTEL INTERCONTINENTAL  
**Date:** 26/06/2018

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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>3.</td>
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<td>4.</td>
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